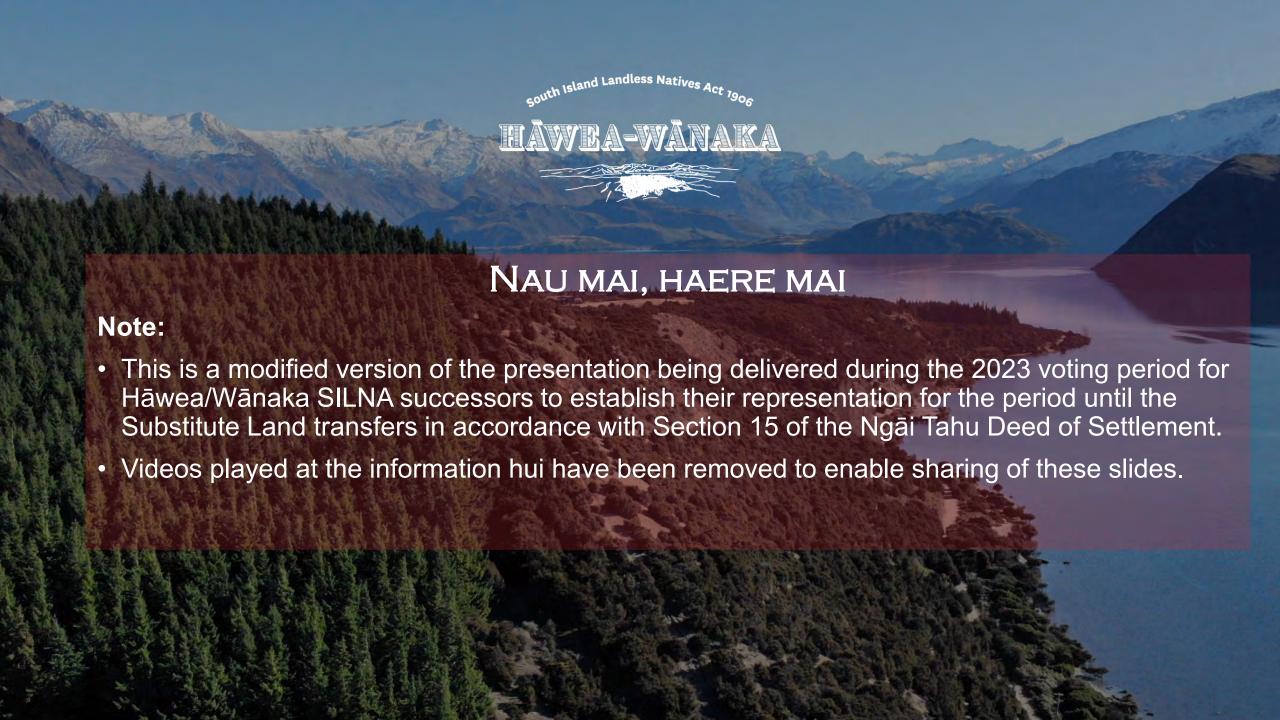


# Hāwea/Wānaka SILNA successors

2023 voting process to elect five successors to form a representative body







#### SILNA

- In the second half of the 19th century, Ngāi Tahu rangatira asserted that the Crown had failed to fulfil its promises of Māori reserves made during its Te Waipounamu land purchases in the 1840s and 1850s.
- Commissions of Inquiry in the 1880s and 1890s to investigate these matters.
- In 1892 the Native Minister met with Ngāi Tahu rangatira and indicated that the Crown would make land available for those who had no or insufficient land.
- Between 1893-1905, Commissioners, with the assistance of Ngāi Tahu rangatira, compiled lists of South Island Māori who were identified as being landless or without sufficient land, and assigned sections of Crown land to them.
- Approx. 57,652 hectares of land allocated to 4,064 Māori.

#### New Zealand.

South Island Landless Natives.



#### ANALYSIS.

- Interpretation. Temporary reserves for landless Nativas.
- Permanent concrete.
- 5. Effect of Proclamation.
- Proclamations may be amended.

- 7. Lands may be granted to landless Matives.
- B. Particulars to be published and to form basis
- 1) Resteletion on allenation.
- 10. Powers of Court.
- 11. Land may be leased by Governor.

1906, No. 17.

As Acr to make Provision for Landless Natives in the South Time. Island. 120th October, 1906.

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:-

- 1. The Short Title of this Act is "The South Island Lundless Short Title. Natives Act, 1006."
  - 2. In this Act, if not inconsistent with the context, -

"South Island" means the islands known as the Middle and Stewart Islands:

"Landless Natives" means Maoris in the South Island who are not in possession of sufficient land to provide for their support and maintenance, and includes half-eastes and their descendants:

"Land" means all land set apart heretofore to make provisions for landless Natives and which may subsequently be set apart for a similar purpose:

"Court" means the Native Land Court as constituted by "The Native Land Court Act. 1894."

3. (1.) For the purpose of providing land for landless Natives Temporary resurres

Interpretation.

#### Section 15 of the Ngāi Tahu Deed of Settlement

Four untransferred SILNA blocks including Hāwea/Wānaka.

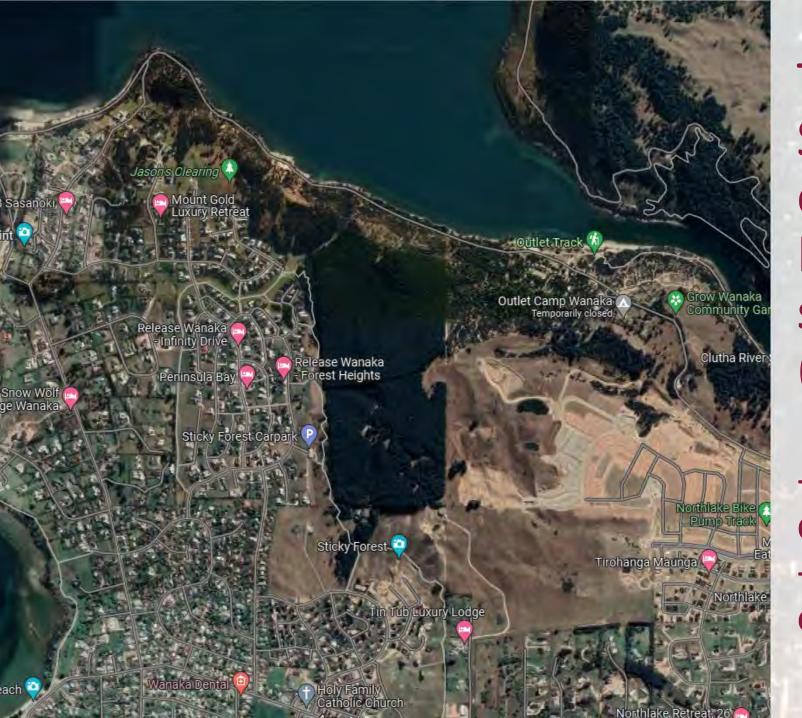
#### To-date:

- The first step is identification of the successors by the Māori Land Court
- 2,070 Hāwea/Wānaka SILNA successors are identified as at mid-2023
- Research is completed into 50 original beneficiaries
- Two of the original beneficiaries remain on the list.
- There is ongoing succession to deceased on the list until land transfers





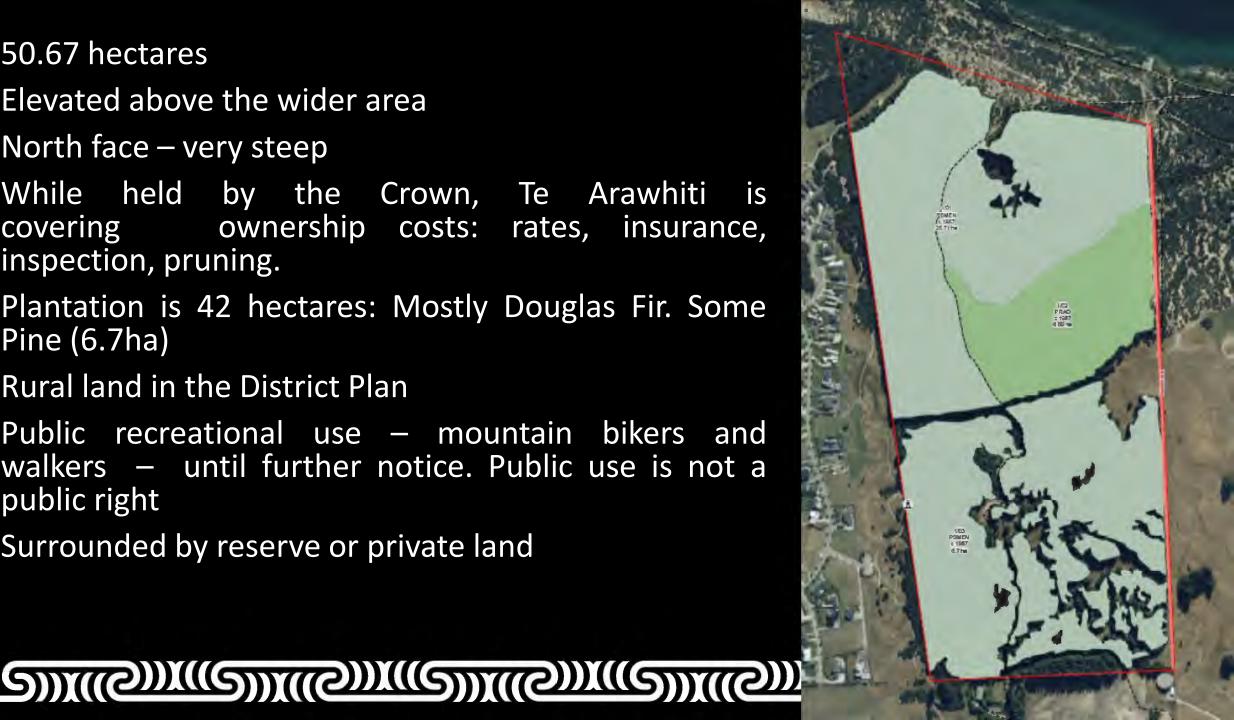
- ➤ Identified successors are to determine through a 'Part 9' meeting how to receive and hold the land
- Part 9 of Te Ture Whenua Maori Act = Maori Assembled Owners Regulations

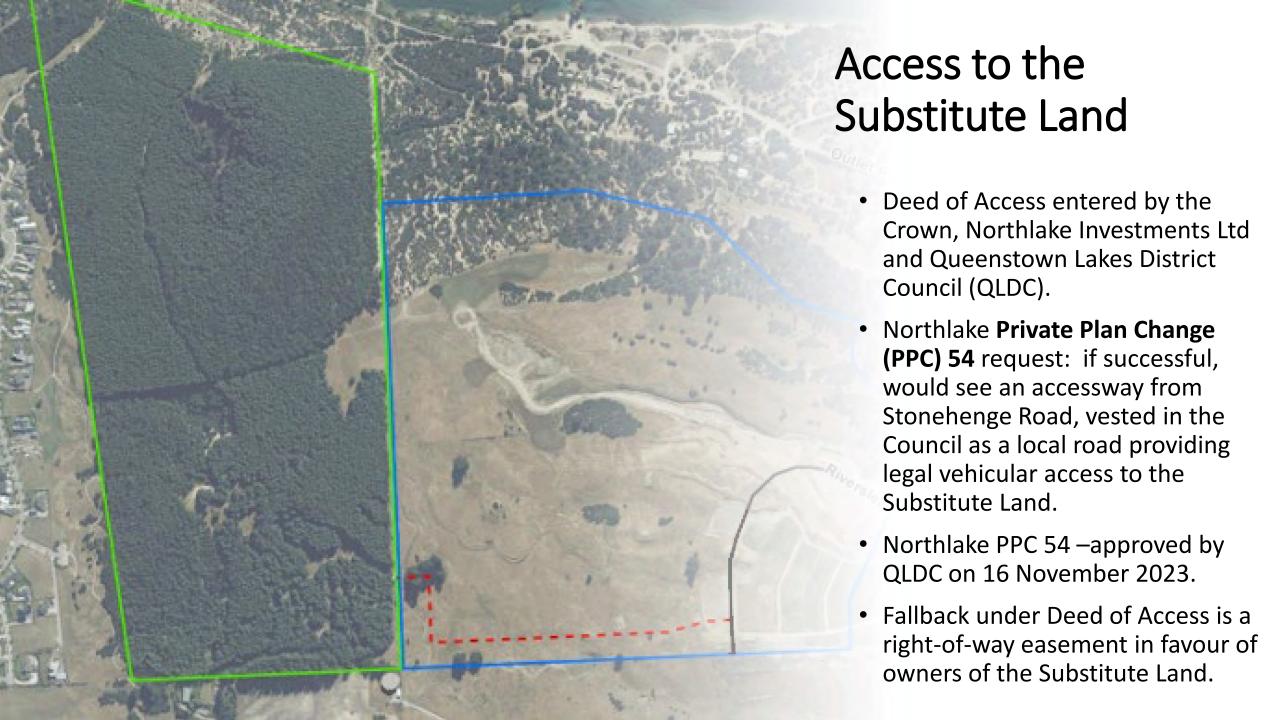


The Substitute Land committed to the Hāwea/Wānaka SILNA successors in 1997 ('Sticky Forest')

- the forested area in the centre of this image.
- Lake Wānaka to the north of the land.

- 50.67 hectares
- Elevated above the wider area
- North face very steep
- While held by the Crown, Te Arawhiti is covering ownership costs: rates, insurance, inspection, pruning.
- Plantation is 42 hectares: Mostly Douglas Fir. Some Pine (6.7ha)
- Rural land in the District Plan
- Public recreational use mountain bikers and walkers — until further notice. Public use is not a public right
- Surrounded by reserve or private land





# Outstanding Natural Landscape (ONL) overlays in District Plan

- under section 6 of the Resource Management Act, councils are required to recognise and provide for the protection of outstanding natural features and landscapes from inappropriate subdivision, use, and development.
- Approximately 97% of the Queenstown Lakes District subject to these overlays.

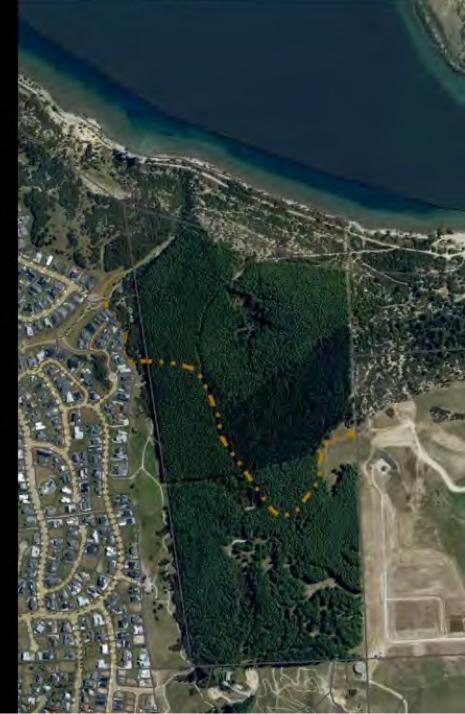


#### **District Plan – live decision-making processes**

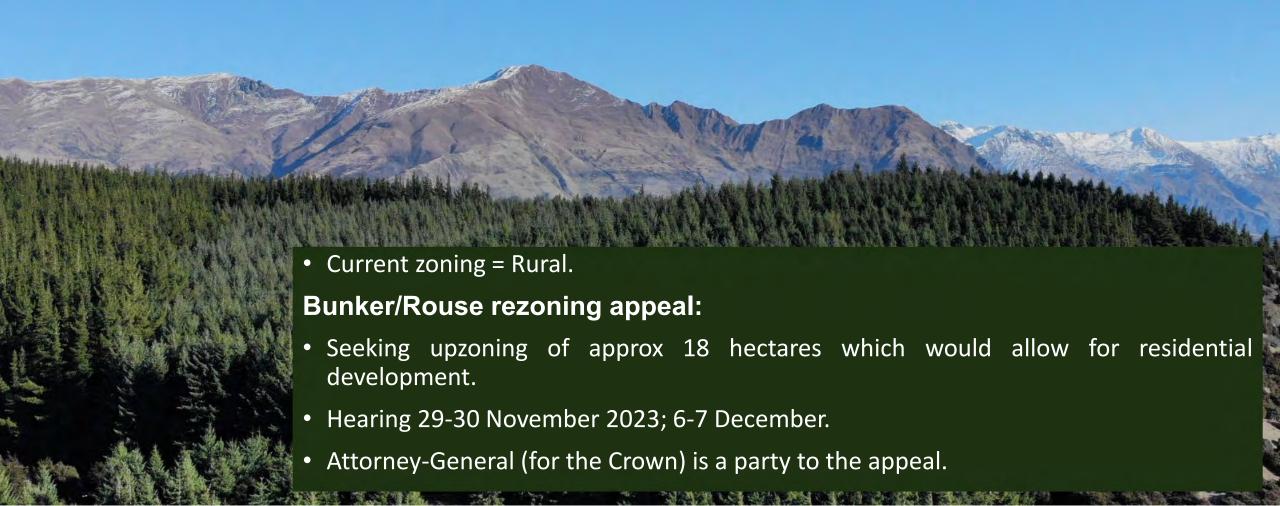
- ½ of Substitute Land subject to the Dublin Bay ONL Land above the brown dotted line.
- M. Beresford sought to challenge this in Proposed District Plan as notified. However, general consensus from landscape architects on location.

#### **Landscape schedule variation:**

- Identification of the attributes of priority areas, including the Dublin Bay ONL.
- What are landscape values that must be protected? Capacity for the landscape to accommodate use and development?
- Panel is hearing submitters. Te Arawhiti, TRONT and rūnaka were heard on 7 Nov.
- Panel will report to Council: making recommendations on the text in the schedule.



## District Plan – live appeal on zoning in Environment Court



South Island Landless Natives Act 7906

# Hāwea/Wānaka SILNA successors

Voting process to establish interim representation



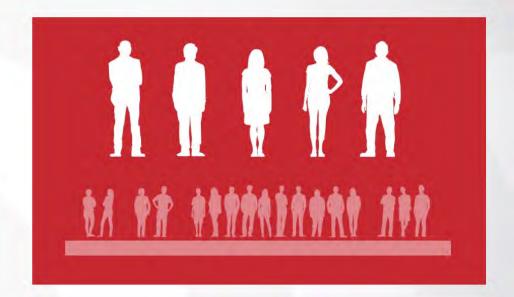


### **Proposed Representative Body to be formed**

Terms of Reference - on www.electionservices.co.nz/silna2023

#### Consultation led to:

- 5 elected members who are identified successors
- To be nominated and voted on by identified successors
- Body to appoint a Chair from 5 members
- Once established, can co-opt up to 2 additional members (don't have to be successors)
- Motions to be decided by a majority of votes
- Co-opted members will have voting rights, which will change numbers required to pass a motion
- Minimum of 3 members at all times
- Officials can provide secretariat support to the Rep Body if requested
- Funding available through Te Arawhiti for costs (e.g. travel, independent advice, meeting costs)
- Disclosure as to information held by Te Arawhiti about the land



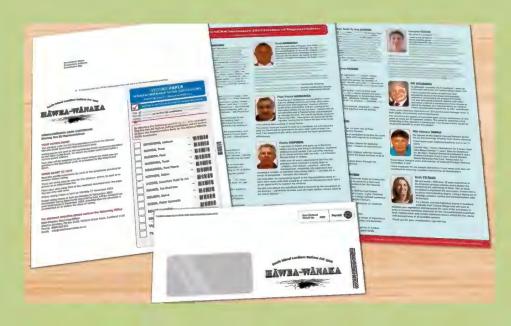


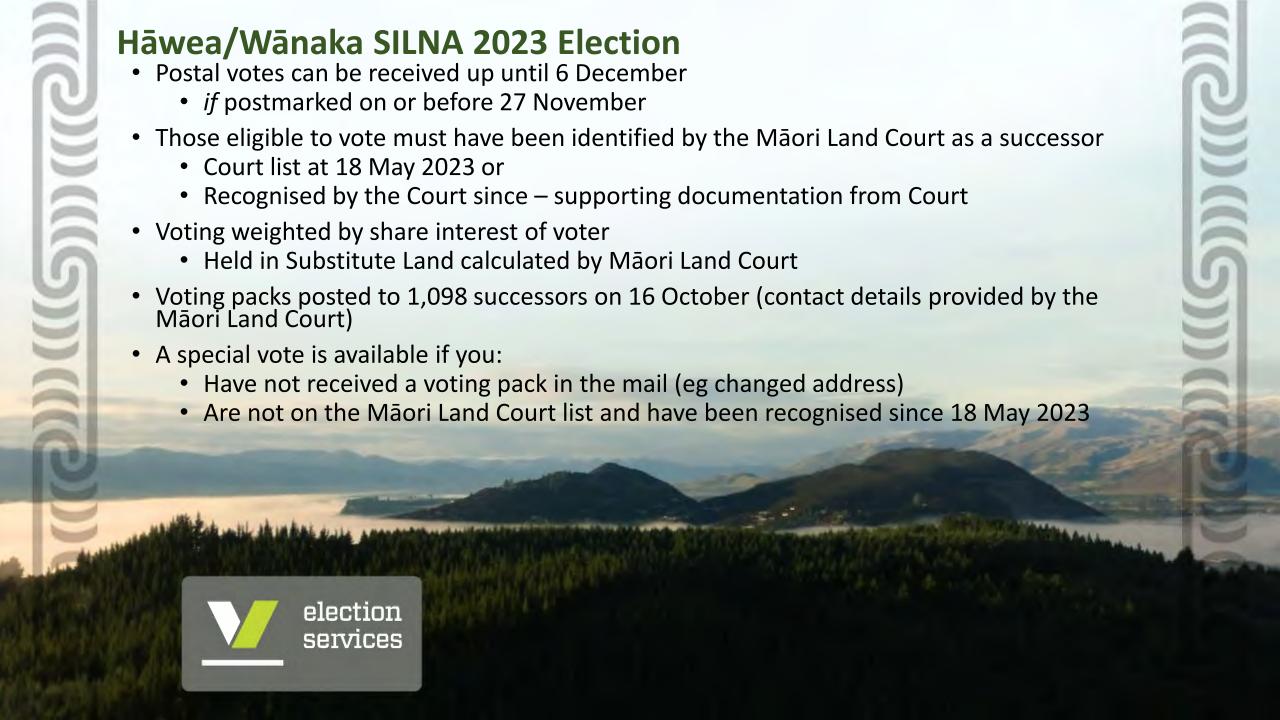


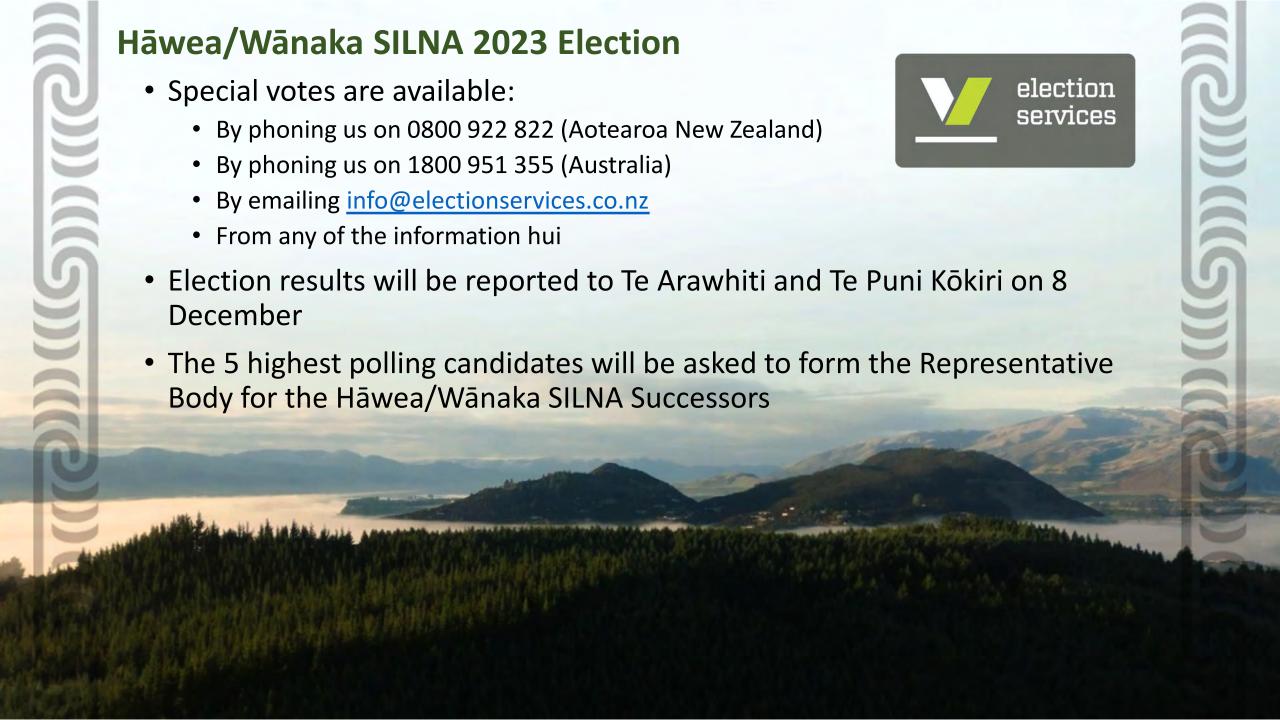
## Hāwea/Wānaka SILNA 2023 Election

- Election Services engaged by Te Arawhiti and Te Puni Kōkiri to provide an independent and professional electoral process
- Election being held for successors to form the Representative Body for the Hāwea/Wānaka SILNA successors
- 5 members to be elected to form the Body
- 14 candidates standing for election: vote for your 5 preferred candidates
- Voting now open, closes 5pm, Monday 27 November
- Vote by
  - return post; or
  - online; or
  - ballot box at the hui during voting period.







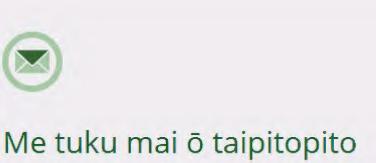


# After this election....



- 1. Officials will report to Ministers on the voting process and the election outcome.
- 2. Ministers will be asked to consider whether there is sufficient support from the successors for the Crown to recognise the body
- 3. Te Arawhiti will convene an initial meeting of the 5 nominees who received the most votes by share interest for them to form the body, appoint a Chair, and to discuss next steps, including how to update the successors at large
- 4. Te Arawhiti hopes to engage with the representative body along an **18-month timeframe**
- 5. When the representative body is ready to make recommendations to the successors, the final decision-making meeting for the successor can be convened.





Provide your details - Hāwea/Wānaka

If your whānau are on the list of successors for the Hāwea/Wānaka substitute block, please provide your

current contact details.

- ➤ Encourage your whanaunga to update their contact details with the Māori Land Court to receive future communications in relation to this land.
- Contact details can be entered by clicking on 'Me tuku mai ō taipitopito' on the 'SILNA' page on the Māori Land Court website.



## Whakahoungia mai ō taipitopito – te poraka Hāwea Wānaka Substitute SILNA

Update your details - Hāwea Wānaka Substitute SILNA block

Keeping your phone number, email address and postal address up to date is important. Using this form, you can update your details for the potential owners of the SILNA blocks.





## **Contact Election Services:**

Emai: <u>info@electionservices.co.nz</u>

Phone 0800 922 822

PO Box 5135, Victoria Street West, Auckland 1142

For the terms of reference for the proposed representative body and the candidate profiles, go to:

www.electionservices.co.nz/SILNA2023

Vote by 5pm, 27 November 2023

